## **Assignment 3**

(due: Tuesday week 4, 11:00am)

**Submission Instructions:** Same as last week.

The solutions will be discussed in the Friday workshop during week 4. Please let me know which exercises I should focus on.

## **Exercises**

Provide transparent derivations. Justify steps that are not obvious. Use self sufficient proofs. Make reasonable assumptions where necessary.

- 1. Let Z be a random variable with  $EZ^2 < \infty$ . Prove that  $Z_N \stackrel{d}{\to} Z$  implies  $Z_N = O_p(1)$ .
- 2. Let  $Y = X\beta^* + u$  with dim  $X = N \times K$  and the usual definitions. Define the *projection* matrix  $P_X := X(X'X)^{-1}X'$  and the residual maker matrix  $M_X := I_N P_X$ . Show that:
  - (i)  $P_XY = \hat{Y}$  (hence the name *projection matrix*)
  - (ii)  $M_XY = \hat{u}$  (hence the name residual maker matrix)
  - (iii)  $M_X u = \hat{u}$
  - (iv) Symmetry:  $P_X = P_X'$  and  $M_X = M_X'$
  - (v) Idempotency:  $P_X P_X = P_X$  and  $M_X M_X = M_X$
  - (vi) tr  $P_X={\rm rank}\ P_X=K$  and tr  $M_X={\rm rank}\ M_X=N-K$ Hint: Use the spectral decomposition for symmetric matrices:  $A=C\Lambda C'$  where  $\Lambda$  is the diagonal matrix collecting all real eigenvalues on the diagonal and C is an eigenvector matrix satisfying C'C=I.
- 3. Use a derivation similar to lecture notes 3 to show that  $\sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{u}_i^2/(N-K)$  is an unbiased estimator for  $\sigma_u^2$ .
- 4. Consider the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{N}(\hat{\beta}^{\text{OLS}}-\beta^*)$  under the assumption of ho-moskedasticity, that is:  $\mathrm{E}(u_i^2|X_i)=\sigma_u^2$  where  $\sigma_u^2\in\mathbb{R}$ . Note, as usual,  $\beta^*=\mathrm{E}(X_iX_i')^{-1}\mathrm{E}(X_iY_i)$ .
  - (a) Derive the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{N}(\hat{\beta}^{\text{OLS}} \beta^*)$  under homoskedasticity. Justify each step!
  - (b) Suggest a consistent estimator for the asymptotic variance of  $\sqrt{N}(\hat{\beta}^{\text{OLS}}-\beta^*)$  under homoskedasticity.
  - (c) Prove that your estimator from part (b) is consistent. In your proof, make use of the  $o_p(1)$  and  $O_p(1)$  notation. Justify each step!